

The attempt of this diploma thesis is to give a comprehensive analysis of all of the components of civil procedure. Civil procedure represents the united process on the outside, but is differentiated inside. We can distinguish five types of civil procedure and within the finding procedure two other types - controversial and uncontroversial. All of these types are constructed on the same basis which is right to a lawful trial. This is the basic principle of justice in general. Considering the scope of this area the diploma thesis focuses on the determination of the elements that are common to some types, and within the frame of the particular types mainly on answering the present questions connected with them. By the characteristics of the finding procedure the attempt is to determinate the principal differences between controversial and uncontroversial procedure and, in connection with that, also to outline the future course in this area. In the chapters concerned with execution and insolvency procedure, the thesis is concentrating primarily on the determination of requirements which must be met to carry out these procedures. In connection with execution procedure there is also outlined this year's amendment, which means some kind of transfer of the judicial execution on the executors. Within the frame of arbitration procedure, the attempt of the thesis is to specify the necessary conditions that must be met to file a proposal to solve a dispute to the arbiters, and also to point out some possible difficulties in this area.